

- Making alternative arrangements if caring for the pet is no longer possible.
- Recognizing declines in the pet(s)' quality of life and making decisions in consultation with a veterinarian regarding appropriate end-of-life care (e.g., palliative care, hospice, euthanasia).



Reporting Animal Cruelty

Animal cruelty should be reported to the police department of the town in which the animal lives. Please leave your name and contact information so that a follow-up response may be made.

Additional Resources

AKC Responsible Dog Ownership
www.akc.org/humane_fund/responsible.html

CATalyst Council Resource Guide
catalystcouncil.org/resources

**Governor's Commission on the Humane Treatment of Animals:
 Animal Care Brochures**
www.neacha.org/brochures



For more information about animal cruelty, visit
www.humane.nh.gov
 Be sure to view the **Interactive Presentation** on the **Welcome Page**.

Responsible Pet Ownership Guidelines



AVMA Policy Statement

Endorsed by

The Governor's Commission on the Humane Treatment of Animals



The NH Governor's Commission on The Humane Treatment of Animals has recognized the need to educate the public regarding the prevention of animal cruelty. Toward that end, the Commission has endorsed the Guidelines for Responsible Pet Ownership as put forth by the American Veterinary Medical Association as a model for New Hampshire pet owners.

Guidelines for Responsible Pet Ownership

AVMA Policy Statement (Oversight CHAB; EB approved 11/2011)

Owning a pet is a privilege and should result in a mutually beneficial relationship. However, the benefits of pet ownership come with obligations. Responsible pet ownership includes:

- Committing to the relationship for the life of the pet(s).
- Avoiding impulsive decisions about obtaining pet(s), and carefully selecting pet(s) suited to your home and lifestyle.



- Recognizing that ownership of pet(s) requires an investment of time and money.

- Keeping only the type and number of pets for which an appropriate and safe environment can be provided, including appropriate food, water, shelter, health care and companionship.
- Ensuring pets are properly identified (i.e., tags, microchips, or tattoos) and that registration information in associated databases is kept up-to-date.
- Adherence to local ordinances, including licensing and leash requirements.



- Controlling pet(s)' reproduction through managed breeding, containment, or spay/neuter thereby helping to address animal control and overpopulation problems.
- Establishing and maintaining a veterinarian-client-patient relationship.
- Providing preventive (e.g., vaccinations, parasite control) and therapeutic health care for

the life of pet(s) in consultation with, and as recommended by, its veterinarian.



- Socialization and appropriate training for pet(s), which facilitates their well-being and the well-being of other animals and people.
- Preventing pet(s) from negatively impacting other people, animals and the environment, including proper waste disposal, noise control, and not allowing pet(s) to stray or become feral.
- Providing exercise and mental stimulation appropriate to the pet(s)' age, breed, and health status.
- Advance preparation to ensure the pet(s)' well-being in the case of an emergency or disaster, including assembling an evacuation kit.